**Application No.:** 

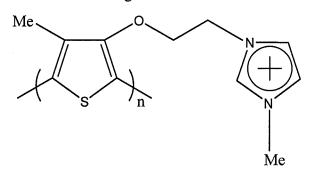
10/559,098

Filing Date:

January 10, 2007

#### AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Original) An optical sensor for detecting a target comprising a single-stranded aptamer complementary to said target, and a water-soluble cationic polythiophene derivative of the following formula:



wherein "n" is an integer ranging from 6 to 100.

- 2. (Previously presented) The optical sensor of claim 1, wherein said target is selected from the group consisting of potassium ions, small organic molecules, amino acids, proteins, whole cells and nucleotides.
- 3. (Previously presented) The optical sensor of claim 1, wherein said aptamer is an oligonucleotide.
- 4. (Previously presented) The optical sensor of claim 3, wherein said oligonucleotide is single-stranded DNA.
- 5. (Currently amended) The optical sensor of claim 4, wherein said single-stranded DNA has the following sequence:

# 5'-GGTTGGTGTGGTTGG-3' (SEQ ID NO 1).

- 6. (Previously presented) The optical sensor of claim 5, wherein said target is human  $\alpha$ -thrombin.
- 7. (Currently amended) The optical sensor of claim 4, wherein said single-stranded DNA has the following sequence:

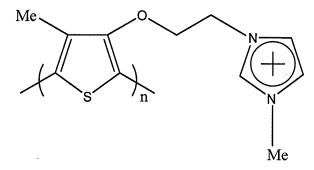
# 5'-ATTATACCTGGGGGAGTATTGCGGAGGAAGGTATAAT-3' (SEQ ID NO 3).

- 8. (Previously presented) The optical sensor of claim 7, wherein said target is Dadenosine.
  - 9. (Original) A method for detecting a target comprising the steps of:

**Application No.:** 10/559,098

Filing Date: January 10, 2007

a) contacting a sample suspected of containing the target with an optical sensor, said optical sensor including a single-stranded aptamer complementary to said target, and a water soluble cationic polythiophene derivative of the following formula:



wherein "n" is an integer ranging from 6 to 100; and

- b) detecting binding of the aptamer to the target by measuring an optical signal.
- 10. (Previously presented) The method of claim 9, wherein said optical signal is a UV-Visible absorption or fluorescence spectrum.
- 11. (Previously presented) The method of claim 10, wherein said target is selected from the group consisting of potassium ions, small organic molecules, amino acids, proteins, whole cells and nucleotides.
- 12. (Previously presented) The method of claim 10, wherein said aptamer is an oligonucleotide.
- 13. (Previously presented) The method of claim 12, wherein said oligonucleotide is single-stranded DNA.
- 14. (Currently amended) The method of claim 13, wherein said single-stranded DNA has the following sequence:

# 5'-GGTTGGTGTGGTTGG-3' (SEQ ID NO 1).

- 15. (Previously presented) The method of claim 14, wherein said target is human  $\alpha$ -thrombin.
- 16. (Currently amended) The method of claim 13, wherein said single-stranded DNA has the following sequence:
  - 5'-ATTATACCTGGGGGAGTATTGCGGAGGAAGGTATAAT-3' (SEQ ID NO 3).

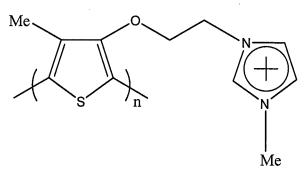
**Application No.:** 

10/559,098

Filing Date:

January 10, 2007

- 17. (Previously presented) The method of claim 16, wherein said target is D-adenosine.
  - 18. (Original) A method for detecting a target comprising the steps of:
  - a) contacting a sample suspected of containing the target with an aptamer known to be complementary to the target;
  - b) further contacting the sample with a water-soluble cationic polythiophene derivative of formula:



wherein "n" is an integer ranging from 6 to 100; and

- c) detecting binding of the aptamer to the target by measuring an optical signal.
- 19. (Previously presented) The method of claim 18, wherein said optical signal is a UV-Visible absorption or fluorescence spectrum.
- 20. (Previously presented) The method of claim 19, wherein said target is selected from the group consisting of potassium ions, small organic molecules, amino acids, proteins, whole cells and nucleotides.
- 21. (Previously presented) The method of claim 19, wherein said aptamer is an oligonucleotide.
- 22. (Previously presented) The method of claim 21,wherein said oligonucleotide is single-stranded DNA.
- 23. (Currently amended) The method of claim 22, wherein said single-stranded DNA has the following sequence:

# 5'-GGTTGGTGTGGT3' (SEQ ID NO 1).

24. (Previously presented) The method of claim 23, wherein said target is human  $\alpha$ -thrombin.

**Application No.:** 

10/559,098

Filing Date:

January 10, 2007

25. (Currently amended) The method of claim 22, wherein said single-stranded DNA has the following sequence:

#### 5'-ATTATACCTGGGGGAGTATTGCGGAGGAAGGTATAAT-3' (SEQ ID NO 3).

26. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein said target is D-adenosine.

#### 27-34. (Canceled)

- 35. (Previously presented) The method of claim 15 wherein said human  $\alpha$ -thrombin is present in an amount of at least 2 x 10<sup>-15</sup> mol.
- 36. (Previously presented) The method of claim 17wherein said D-adenosine is present in an amount of at least  $2 \times 10^{-14}$  mol.
- 37. (Previously presented) The method of claim 24, wherein said human  $\alpha$ -thrombin is present in an amount of at least 2 x 10<sup>-15</sup> mol.
- 38. (Previously presented) The method of claim 26, wherein said D-adenosine is present in an amount of at least  $2 \times 10^{-14}$  mol.